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April National Food Days

National Garlic Month 4/1- Sourdough Bread Day 4/2- Peanut Butter & Jelly Day 4/12- Grilled Cheese Day 4/14- Pecan Day 4/16- Day of the Mushroom 4/18- Animal Crackers Day

4/18– Animal Crackers 4/23– Picnic Day

4/26- Pretzel Day 4/30- Raisin Day

National Egg Month

May National Food Days

National Hamburger Month National Salad Month National Salsa Month National Strawberry Month 5/1— Chocolate Parfait Day 5/5— Enchilada Day 5/9— Shrimp Day 5/13— Hummus Day 5/12— Vanilla Pudding Day

If you would like to learn about the USDA's lunch and breakfast requirements, please visit www.traytalk.org.

Healthier Habits

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A Word from the Dietitian...

Did you know that school meals are some of the healthiest, most balanced meals you can find? A meal at school includes lean meats, whole grains, a variety of fruits and vegetables, as well as 1 cup of low-fat or fat-free milk.

A week of meals contains less than 10% of calories from saturated fat and 0 grams trans fat. Cutting back on saturated fats and trans fats lowers the risk of heart disease.

Meals also contain limited amounts of sodium. Sodium is a necessary nutrient, but most people get more sodium than they need. Eating too much salt may have an effect on increasing blood pressure which makes the heart work harder.



Calorie needs of different age groups are also considered in the planning of school meals. When planning meals, different calorie ranges are considered for grades K-5, 6-8, and 9-12.

Food service staff at your school work very hard to make sure you have delicious and nutritious meals that students enjoy. You can be certain when you choose school breakfast or school lunch, you are making a good choice!

Kaylyn MacKillop, MS, RD, CD, SNS

Taste the Season-Vegetables of Spring

It's the time of year when nature seems to come alive once again. This also means the return of garden-fresh vegetables in Northern Indiana. Here are some of my favorites:

Asparagus is a good source of vitamin A and vitamin C. Both of these vitamins help fight off infections. Asparagus spears shoot straight up out of the ground and can grow as much as

10 inches in 24 hours!

Asparagus is yummy fresh, steamed, or grilled. It is categorized as an "other" vegetable.

Green Peas grow on vines which are usually supported by a pole or fence.

Peas are a good source of fiber.
Fiber may lower the risk of heart disease.
Peas are great steamed.
They also make a good topping for salads. Peas

are a starchy vegetable.

Spinach is a leafy, dark green vegetable. It is often eaten raw in salads, sandwiches, or wraps. It is also delicious cooked. Spinach is high in folate. Folate helps the body make red blood cells.

Remember, no matter what fruits and vegetables you choose, the goal is to make half your plate fruits and vegetables!

www.choosemyplate.org

Did you know?

Added sugars will be included on the Nutrition Facts Label in 2018. The 2015-2020 Dietary Guidleines recommend consuming no more that 10 percent of daily calories from added sugar. Schools are already limiting the sale of foods high in added sugars.



Healthier Habits

How to Read the Nutrition Facts Label

- 1. Start with the Serving Size. Compare the amount of food you eat to the serving size listed on the panel. If you are eating two cups and the serving size is 1 cup, you are getting twice the calories, fat, and other nutrients listed. Also look at the number of servings in the package.
- 2. Check out the Total Calories. This tells you how many calories are in a single serving of the food.
- 3. Let the Percent Daily Values Be Your Guide. A 5% or less daily value is considered low in a nutrient. Look for foods low in saturated fat, trans fat, cholesterol, and sodium. A 20% or more daily value is considered high in a nutrient. Look for foods high in vitamins, minerals, and fiber.
- Check the Ingredient List. Foods with more than one ingredient must have an ingredient list on the label. Ingredients are listed in descending order by weight. That means those ingredients with the largest amounts

will be listed first. Try to limit foods that have sugar listed as the first ingredient.

8 servings per container Serving size 2/3 2/3 cup (55g) 230 **Calories** Total Fat 8g Saturated Fat 1g Trans Fat 0g Cholesterol Omg Total Carbohydrate 370 13% Dietary Fiber 4g 14% Total Sugars 12g Includes 10g Added Sugars 20% Protein 3g Vitamin D 2mcg Calcium 260mg Iron 8mg Potassium 235mg

Nutrition Facts

www.eatright.org

Make Mealtime Family Time

When's the last time you sat down with your family to share a meal together? Maybe it was last night, last week, last month or even last year! Here are some ideas to make eating meals with your family fun:

- Remove distractions. Turn off the TV, put away your cellphones, and enjoy each other's company.
- Talk to each other. Share the best part of your day and the worst part of your day. Listen to others as they share.
- Help plan the meal and set the table. Everyone can do their part!
- On nice days, opt for a change of scenery. It's getting warmer outside, so why not go to a nearby park for a picnic.

www.choosemyplate.gov

Chocolate-Hazelnut Stuffed Banana Fro-Yo Bites

Ingredients

3 large bananas 1/4 cup chocolatehazelnut spread 1/4 cup peanut butter 1/4 cup non-fat vanilla Greek yogurt

Serving size: 2 banana bites

Serves 10

Source: eatright.org

Directions

- Line a baking sheet with parchment pa-
- 2. Slice bananas into bite-sized chunks. In a small bowl, stir together chocolatehazelnut spread, peanut butter and yogurt.
- 3. Spread a dollop of mixture on banana slice and top with another banana slice to form a banana sandwich. Place on baking sheet. Repeat with remaining bananas.

Freeze banana bites for two hours. Transfer to airtight container and store in freezer.